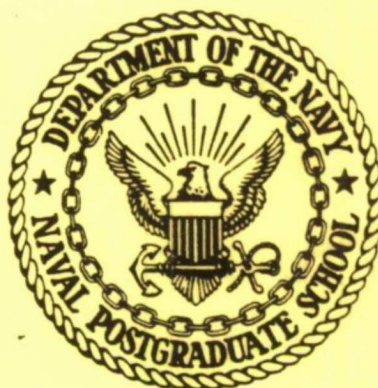


NPS-62-80-017PR

# NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

## Monterey, California



AN ADAPTATION OF THE MINIMUM HF PROPAGATION  
PREDICTION PROGRAM TO THE TI-59 CALCULATOR

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Stephen Jauregui, Jr.

Final Report for period April 1980 - July 1980

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

Prepared for: Naval Electronic Systems Command  
(PME-107-6)  
Washington, DC 20360

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER NPS-62-80-017PR	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) AN ADAPTATION OF THE MINIMUM HF PROPAGATION PREDICTION PROGRAM TO THE TI-59 CALCULATOR		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final Report April-July 1980
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s) Jay H. Benson Stephen Jauregui, Jr.		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California 93940		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Naval Electronic Systems Command (PME-107-6) Washington, DC 20360		12. REPORT DATE 1 July 1980
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 27
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)  UNCLASSIFIED
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)  Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) MINIMUM HF PROPAGATION PREDICTION MAXIMUM USABLE FREQUENCY		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)  An algorithm for predicting the Maximum Usable Frequency between two points on the surface of the earth for High Frequency communications is implemented on a TI-59 hand-held programmable calculator.		

DD FORM 1473  
1 JAN 73

EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE  
S/N 0102-014-6601

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)



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## ABSTRACT

An algorithm for predicting the Maximum Usable Frequency between two points on the surface of the earth for High Frequency communications is implemented on a TI-59 hand-held programmable calculator.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

An algorithm for predicting the Maximum Usable Frequency (MUF) in the High Frequency radio band has been developed at the Naval Ocean Systems Center, San Diego, California, by R.B. Rose and J.N. Martin [1], and has been implemented in both FORTRAN IV and BASIC computer languages under the name MINIMUF-3.5. The algorithm has been incorporated into the CLASSIC PROPHET propagation analysis system, and has been demonstrated to provide a field-deployable capability for computing HF propagation paths with micro-computer resources.

## 2. OBJECTIVE

The essential portions of MINIMUF-3.5 are contained in approximately 80 BASIC language statements, reproduced in appendix A, which suggests a potential for being encoded in hand-held programmable calculators. H.F. Hite of Hughes Aircraft Company adapted a restricted version of MINIMUF-3.0 for the HF-67 calculator that computes MUFs for 1-hop F-layer propagation and is thus limited to station separations of 4000 kilometers or less. A complete implementation of MINIMUF, capable of 2-hop path prediction, was desired.

### 3. PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

A TI-59 calculator program was adapted directly from the Rose and Martin BASIC program listing with some logic changes required to accommodate the memory constraints of the calculator. The program listing, summary of logic changes, operating instructions, and test case are contained in appendices B, C, D, and E, respectively. The program listing is annotated with cross-references to statements in the BASIC listing for assistance in tracing logic flow. The bulk of the development task was to minimize program and data storage requirements. Several iterations finally produced the current version which requires 800 program steps and 20 data registers, the full capacity of the normally-accessible calculator attributes.

### 4. PERFORMANCE

The TI-59 program was optimized for storage, that being the overriding constraint. Execution time for single-hop predictions is approximately 50 seconds. Were the program optimized for speed, given a larger storage capacity, execution time could conceivably approach 40 seconds. The test case contained in appendix E is the identical test case promulgated with the Rose and Martin report, and yields the same results on the TI-59. Notice, however, that the MUF limit of 32 MHz has been raised to 50 MHz, thereby providing



for HF path prediction during periods of high solar flux when customary band limitations are exceeded. The test case should be executed after initially programming the TI-59 by keystroke to ensure correct program entry. A copy of the program is available on magnetic cards by sending two blank cards to the authors, however, the user is cautioned that magnetic cards are not guaranteed to be transportable among all TI-59 calculators.

## 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A capability for predicting Maximum Usable Frequencies in the HF radio band can be realized with hand-held calculators, and therefore can be widely deployed in the field. An even larger capability can be realized by utilizing custom made modules for the TI-59. Each module provides for 5000 program steps in addition to the normal 960 maximum step capacity of the calculator, and could provide for additional portions of the CLASSIC PROPHECY System to be included in calculator implementations, such as the D-region absorption model. Appendix F lists several persons to contact in regard to having custom modules manufactured for the TI-59.

APPENDIX A

BASIC MINIMUF-3.5 PROGRAM LISTING

The BASIC language listing of MINIMUF-3.5 is reprinted here with the permission of R.B. Rose, and serves as a guide for the TI-59 keystroke listing.

MINIMUF-3.5 PROGRAM

```

1000 REM
1010 K7=SIN(L1)*SIN(L2)+COS(L1)*COS(L2)*COS(W2-W1)
1020 G1=ACS(K7 MAX -1+1.0E-5 MIN 1-1.0E-8)
1030 K6=1.59*K1
1040 K6=K6 MAX 1
1050 K5=1/K6
1060 J9=100
1070 FOR K1=1/(2*K6) TO 1-1/(2*K6) STEP 0.9999-1/K6
1080 IF K5=1 THEN 1100
1090 K5=0.5
1100 P=SIN(L2)
1110 Q=COS(L2)
1120 A=(SIN(L1)-P*COS(G1))/(Q*SIN(G1))
1130 B=G1*K1
1140 C=P*COS(B)+Q*SIN(B)*A
1150 D=(COS(B)-C*P)/(Q*SQR(1-C*C))
1160 D=ACS(D MAX -1+1.0E-5 MIN 1-1.0E-8)
1170 W0=W2+SGN(SIN(W1-W2))*D
1180 IF W0=>0 THEN 1200
1190 W0=W0+P1
1200 IF W0<P1 THEN 1220
1210 W0=W0-P1
1220 L0=P0-ACS(C MAX -1+1.0E-5 MIN 1-1.0E-8)
1230 Y1=0.0172*(10+(W0-1)*30.4+D6)-
1240 Y2=0.409*COS(Y1)
1250 K8=3.82*W0+12+0.13*(SIN(Y1)+1.2*SIN(2*Y1))
1260 K8=K8-12*(1+SGN(K8-24))*SGN(ABS(K8-24))
1270 IF COS(L0+Y2)>-0.26 THEN 1350
1280 K9=0
1290 G0=0
1300 M9=2.5*K1*K5
1310 M9=M9 MIN P0
1320 M9=SIN(M9)
1330 M9=1+2.5*M9*SQR(M9)
1340 GO TO 1590
1350 K9=(-0.26+SIN(Y2)*SIN(L0))/(COS(Y2)*COS(L0)+1.0E-3)
1360 K9=12-ATH(K9/SQR(ABS(1-K9*K9)))*7.639437
1370 T=K8-K9/2+12*(1-SGN(K8-K9/2))*SGN(ABS(K8-K9/2))
1380 T4=K8+K9/2-12*(1+SGN(K8+K9/2-24))*SGN(ABS(K8+K9/2-24))

```



```

1390 C0=ABS(COS(L0+Y2))
1400 T9=9.7*C0+9.6
1410 IF T9>0.1 THEN 1430
1420 T9=0.1
1430 M9=2.5*G1*K5
1440 M9=M9 MIN P0
1450 M9=SIN(M9)
1460 M9=1+2.5*M9*SQR(M9)
1470 IF T4<T THEN 1500
1480 IF (T5-T)*(T4-T5)>0 THEN 1510
1490 GO TO 1640
1500 IF (T5-T4)*(T-T5)>0 THEN 1640
1510 T6=T5+12*(1+SGN(T-T5))*SGN(ABS(T-T5))
1520 G9=PI*(T6-T)/K9
1530 G8=PI*T9/K9
1540 U=(T-T6)/T9
1550 G0=C0*(SIN(G9)+G8*(EXP(U)-COS(G9)))/(1+G8*G8)
1560 G7=C0*(G8*(EXP(-K9/T9)+1))*EXP((K9-24)/2)/(1+G8*G8)
1570 IF G0=>G7 THEN 1590
1580 G0=G7
1590 G2=(1+S9/250)*M9*SQR(6+58*SQR(G0))
1600 G2=G2*(1-0.1*EXP((K9-24)/3))
1610 G2=G2*(1+(1-SGN(L1))*SGN(L2))*0.1)
1620 G2=G2*(1-0.1*(1+SGN(ABS(SIN(L0))-COS(L0))))
1630 GO TO 1700
1640 T6=T5+12*(1+SGN(T4-T5))*SGN(ABS(T4-T5))
1650 G8=PI*T9/K9
1660 U=(T4-T6)/2
1670 U1=-K9/T9
1680 G0=C0*(G8*(EXP(U1)+1))*EXP(U)/(1+G8*G8)
1690 GO TO 1590
1700 IF G2>J9 THEN 1720
1710 J9=G2
1720 NEXT K1
1730 J9=J9 MAX 2 MIN 32
1740 RETURN

```

APPENDIX B

TI-59 PROGRAM LISTING  
-----

The keystroke listing of the TI-59 program implementation of MINIMUM-3.5 follows. Segments of TI-59 code are cross-referenced to the BASIC program listing.

000	76	LBL	
001	71	R	
002	42	STO	
003	18	18	
004	99	PRT	
005	35	CLR	
006	60	DEG	1010,20
007	43	RCL	
008	15	15	
009	75	-	
010	43	RCL	
011	13	13	
012	95	=	
013	39	CDS	
014	65	*	
015	43	RCL	
016	12	12	
017	39	CDS	
018	65	*	
019	43	RCL	
020	14	14	
021	39	CDS	
022	85	+	
023	43	RCL	
024	12	12	
025	38	SIN	
026	65	*	
027	43	RCL	
028	14	14	
029	38	SIN	
030	95	=	
031	70	RAD	
032	22	INV	
033	39	CDS	
034	42	STO	
035	06	06	
036	65	*	1030,40,50
037	01	1	
038	93	.	
039	05	5	
040	09	9	
041	95	=	
042	32	X↑T	
043	01	1	
044	71	SBR	
045	07	07	
046	95	95	
047	35	1/X	
048	42	STO	
049	07	07	

050	32	X↑T	1080,90
051	01	1	
052	67	EQ	
053	00	00	
054	57	57	
055	93	.	
056	05	5	
057	65	*	1300,10,20,30
058	43	RCL	
059	06	06	
060	65	*	
061	05	5	
062	95	=	
063	32	X↑T	
064	89	π	
065	71	SBR	
066	07	07	
067	94	94	
068	55	+	
069	02	2	
070	95	=	
071	38	SIN	
072	45	YX	
073	01	1	
074	93	.	
075	05	5	
076	65	*	
077	02	2	
078	93	.	
079	05	5	
080	85	+	
081	01	1	
082	95	=	
083	42	STO	
084	08	08	
085	01	1	1060
086	00	0	
087	00	0	
088	42	STO	
089	11	11	
090	02	2	1070
091	75	-	
092	43	RCL	
093	07	07	
094	59	INT	
095	95	=	
096	42	STO	
097	09	09	
098	01	1	1070 - cont'd
099	75	-	



100 43 RCL  
 101 07 07  
 102 95 =  
 103 65 \*  
 104 53 (   
 105 43 RCL  
 106 09 09  
 107 75 -  
 108 01 1  
 109 54 )  
 110 65 +  
 111 43 RCL  
 112 07 07  
 113 55 +  
 114 02 2  
 115 95 =  
 116 65 \*  
 117 43 RCL  
 118 06 06  
 119 95 =  
 120 42 STD  
 121 00 00  
 122 43 RCL  
 123 14 14  
 124 60 DEG  
 125 39 COS  
 126 42 STD  
 127 01 01  
 128 35 1/X  
 129 65 \*  
 130 53 (   
 131 43 RCL  
 132 12 12  
 133 38 SIN  
 134 75 -  
 135 43 RCL  
 136 14 14  
 137 38 SIN  
 138 42 STD  
 139 02 02  
 140 65 \*  
 141 43 RCL  
 142 06 06  
 143 70 RAD  
 144 39 COS  
 145 95 =  
 146 55 +  
 147 43 RCL  
 148 06 06  
 149 38 SIN

1130

1100,10,20

150 65 \*  
 151 43 RCL  
 152 00 00  
 153 38 SIN  
 154 65 \*  
 155 43 RCL  
 156 01 01  
 157 85 +  
 158 43 RCL  
 159 02 02  
 160 65 \*  
 161 43 RCL  
 162 00 00  
 163 39 COS  
 164 95 =  
 165 42 STD  
 166 03 03  
 167 32 INV  
 168 39 COS  
 169 94 +/-  
 170 05 +  
 171 89 =  
 172 55 +  
 173 02 2  
 174 55 =  
 175 42 STD  
 176 10 10  
 177 43 RCL  
 178 00 00  
 179 39 COS  
 180 75 -  
 181 43 RCL  
 182 03 03  
 183 65 \*  
 184 43 RCL  
 185 02 02  
 186 95 =  
 187 55 +  
 188 43 RCL  
 189 01 01  
 190 55 +  
 191 53 (   
 192 01 1  
 193 75 -  
 194 43 RCL  
 195 03 03  
 196 33 X<sup>2</sup>  
 197 54 )  
 198 04 1/X  
 199 95 =

1140

1220

1150

200	22	INV	<u>1160</u> ,70,80,90,1200,10	250	17	17
201	09	COS		251	85	+
202	65	<		252	03	3
203	53	(		253	00	0
204	43	RCL		254	93	.
205	13	13		255	04	4
206	75	-		256	65	*
207	43	RCL		257	53	(
208	15	15		258	43	RCL
209	54	)		259	16	16
210	60	DEG		260	75	-
211	38	SIN		261	01	1
212	69	DP		262	95	=
213	10	10		263	42	STD
214	85	+		264	00	00
215	43	RCL		265	70	RAD
216	15	15		266	09	COS
217	65	*		267	65	*
218	89	π		268	93	.
219	55	+		269	04	4
220	01	1		270	00	0
221	08	8		271	09	9
222	00	0		272	95	=
223	95	=		273	42	STD
224	32	X↔T		274	01	01
225	89	π		275	32	X↔T
226	65	*		276	65	*
227	02	2		277	03	3
228	85	+		278	93	.
229	32	X↔T		279	08	8
230	95	=		280	02	2
231	22	INV		281	85	+
232	77	GE		282	01	1
233	02	02		283	02	2
234	38	38		284	85	+
235	75	-		285	93	.
236	32	X↔T		286	01	1
237	95	=		287	03	3
238	32	X↔T		288	65	*
239	93	.	<u>1230</u>	289	53	(
240	00	0		290	43	RCL
241	01	1		291	00	00
242	07	7		292	38	SIN
243	02	2		293	85	+
244	65	*		294	01	1
245	53	(		295	93	.
246	01	1		296	02	2
247	00	0		297	65	*
248	85	+		298	53	(
249	43	RCL		299	43	RCL

1240

1250

300	00	00	
301	85	*	
302	02	2	
303	54	)	
304	38	SIN	
305	95	=	
306	75	-	<u>1260</u>
307	32	XIT	
308	02	2	
309	04	4	
310	95	=	
311	32	XIT	
312	75	-	
313	01	1	
314	02	2	
315	65	*	
316	53	(	
317	01	1	
318	85	+	
319	32	XIT	
320	69	DP	
321	10	10	
322	42	STO	
323	00	00	
324	54	)	
325	65	*	
326	43	RCL	
327	00	00	
328	50	IXI	
329	95	=	
330	42	STO	
331	00	00	
332	93	.	<u>1270</u>
333	02	2	
334	06	6	
335	94	+/-	
336	32	XIT	
337	43	RCL	
338	01	01	
339	85	+	
340	43	RCL	
341	10	10	
342	95	=	
343	39	COS	
344	42	STO	
345	02	02	
346	77	GE	
347	04	04	
348	60	60	
349	00	0	<u>1280,90</u>

350	42	STO	
351	03	03	
352	34	FX	<u>1590</u>
353	65	*	
354	05	5	
355	08	8	
356	85	+	
357	06	6	
358	95	=	
359	34	FX	
360	65	*	
361	43	RCL	
362	08	08	
363	65	*	
364	53	(	
365	01	1	
366	85	+	
367	43	RCL	
368	19	19	
369	55	+	
370	02	2	
371	05	5	
372	00	0	
373	95	=	
374	65	*	<u>1600</u>
375	53	(	
376	01	1	
377	75	-	
378	93	.	
379	01	1	
380	65	*	
381	53	(	
382	43	RCL	
383	03	03	
384	55	+	
385	03	3	
386	75	-	
387	08	8	
388	54	)	
389	22	INV	
390	23	LNK	
391	95	=	
392	65	*	<u>1610</u>
393	53	(	
394	01	1	
395	85	+	
396	93	.	
397	01	1	
398	05	*	
399	53	(	

400	01	1
401	75	-
402	53	(
403	43	RCL
404	12	12
405	65	*
406	43	RCL
407	14	14
408	54	)
409	69	DP
410	10	10
411	95	=
412	65	*
413	53	(
414	01	1
415	75	-
416	93	.
417	01	1
418	65	*
419	53	(
420	01	1
421	85	+
422	53	(
423	43	RCL
424	10	10
425	38	SIN
426	50	I×I
427	75	-
428	43	RCL
429	10	10
430	39	COS
431	54	)
432	69	DP
433	10	10
434	95	=
435	32	XIT
436	43	RCL
437	11	11
438	71	SBR
439	07	07
440	94	94
441	42	STO
442	11	11
443	97	DSZ
444	09	09
445	00	00
446	98	98
447	32	XIT
448	02	2
449	71	SBR

1620

1700

1070,1720

1730,40

450	07	07
451	95	95
452	32	XIT
453	05	5
454	00	0
455	71	SBR
456	07	07
457	94	94
458	99	PRT
459	91	R/S
460	93	.
461	02	2
462	06	6
463	94	+/-
464	85	+
465	43	RCL
466	01	01
467	38	SIN
468	65	*
469	43	RCL
470	10	10
471	38	SIN
472	95	=
473	55	+
474	53	(
475	43	RCL
476	01	01
477	39	COS
478	65	*
479	43	RCL
480	10	10
481	39	COS
482	85	+
483	93	.
484	00	0
485	00	0
486	01	1
487	95	=
488	22	INV
489	38	SIN
490	65	*
491	07	7
492	93	.
493	06	6
494	04	4
495	94	+/-
496	85	+
497	01	1
498	02	2
499	95	=

1350,60



500 42 STD  
 501 03 03  
 502 43 RCL  
 503 00 00  
 504 75 -  
 505 43 RCL  
 506 03 03  
 507 55 +  
 508 02 2  
 509 95 =  
 510 85 +  
 511 32 X:T  
 512 01 1  
 513 02 2  
 514 65 \*  
 515 53 (   
 516 32 X:T  
 517 69 DP  
 518 10 10  
 519 94 +/-  
 520 85 +  
 521 32 X:T  
 522 01 1  
 523 54 )  
 524 65 \*  
 525 32 X:T  
 526 50 I\*  
 527 95 =  
 528 42 STD  
 529 04 04  
 530 43 RCL  
 531 00 00  
 532 85 +  
 533 43 RCL  
 534 03 03  
 535 55 +  
 536 02 2  
 537 75 -  
 538 32 X:T  
 539 02 2  
 540 04 4  
 541 95 =  
 542 32 X:T  
 543 75 -  
 544 01 1  
 545 02 2  
 546 65 \*  
 547 53 (   
 548 32 X:T  
 549 69 DP

1370

1380

550 10 10  
 551 85 +  
 552 32 X:T  
 553 01 1  
 554 54 )  
 555 65 \*  
 556 32 X:T  
 557 50 I\*  
 558 95 =  
 559 42 STD  
 560 05 05  
 561 43 RCL  
 562 02 02  
 563 50 I\*  
 564 42 STD  
 565 00 00  
 566 45 Y\*  
 567 09 9  
 568 93 .  
 569 06 6  
 570 65 \*  
 571 09 9  
 572 93 .  
 573 07 7  
 574 95 =  
 575 32 X:T  
 576 93 .  
 577 01 1  
 578 71 SBR  
 579 07 07  
 580 95 95  
 581 42 STD  
 582 01 01  
 583 65 \*  
 584 89 π  
 585 55 +  
 586 43 RCL  
 587 03 03  
 588 95 =  
 589 42 STD  
 590 02 02  
 591 43 RCL  
 592 04 04  
 593 75 -  
 594 43 RCL  
 595 05 05  
 596 95 =  
 597 69 DP  
 598 10 10  
 599 65 \*

1390,1400,10,20

1530,1650

1470

600	53	(
601	43	RCL
602	18	18
603	75	-
604	43	RCL
605	04	04
606	54	)
607	65	*
608	53	(
609	43	RCL
610	05	05
611	75	-
612	43	RCL
613	18	18
614	54	)
615	95	=
616	32	X↑T
617	00	0
618	22	INV
619	77	GE
620	07	07
621	35	35
622	43	RCL
623	18	18
624	85	+
625	01	1
626	02	2
627	65	*
628	53	(
629	53	(
630	43	RCL
631	04	04
632	75	-
633	43	RCL
634	18	18
635	54	)
636	69	DP
637	10	10
638	85	+
639	32	X↑T
640	01	1
641	54	)
642	65	*
643	32	X↑T
644	50	IXI
645	75	-
646	43	RCL
647	04	04
648	95	=
649	65	*

1510

1520

650	32	X↑T
651	89	π
652	55	+
653	43	RCL
654	03	03
655	95	=
656	42	STD
657	05	05
658	32	X↑T
659	94	+/-
660	55	+
661	43	RCL
662	01	01
663	95	=
664	22	INV
665	23	LNx
666	75	-
667	32	X↑T
668	39	COS
669	95	=
670	65	*
671	43	RCL
672	02	02
673	85	+
674	43	RCL
675	05	05
676	38	SIN
677	95	=
678	65	*
679	43	RCL
680	00	00
681	55	+
682	53	(
683	01	1
684	85	+
685	43	RCL
686	02	02
687	33	X²
688	54	)
689	42	STD
690	04	04
691	95	=
692	32	X↑T
693	43	RCL
694	00	00
695	65	*
696	43	RCL
697	02	02
698	65	*
699	53	(

1550

1560

700	53	(
701	43	RCL
702	03	-03
703	94	+/-
704	55	+
705	43	RCL
706	01	01
707	54	)
708	22	INV
709	23	LNX
710	85	+
711	01	1
712	54	)
713	65	*
714	53	(
715	43	RCL
716	03	03
717	55	+
718	02	2
719	75	-
720	01	1
721	02	2
722	54	)
723	22	INV
724	23	LNX
725	55	+
726	43	RCL
727	04	04
728	95	=
729	71	SBR
730	07	07
731	95	95
732	61	GTO
733	03	03
734	52	52
735	43	RCL
736	05	05
737	75	-
738	43	RCL
739	18	18
740	75	-
741	32	XIT
742	01	1
743	02	2
744	65	*
745	53	(
746	32	XIT
747	69	DP
748	10	10
749	85	+

1570,80

1640,60

750	32	XIT
751	01	1
752	54	)
753	65	*
754	32	XIT
755	50	I<I
756	95	=
757	55	+
758	02	2
759	95	=
760	22	INV
761	23	LNX
762	65	*
763	53	(
764	53	(
765	43	RCL
766	03	03
767	94	+/-
768	55	+
769	43	RCL
770	01	01
771	54	)
772	22	INV
773	23	LNX
774	85	+
775	01	1
776	54	)
777	65	*
778	43	RCL
779	02	02
780	65	*
781	43	RCL
782	00	00
783	55	+
784	53	(
785	01	1
786	85	+
787	43	RCL
788	02	02
789	33	X <sup>2</sup>
790	95	=
791	61	GTO
792	03	03
793	52	52
794	22	INV
795	77	GE
796	07	07
797	99	99
798	32	XIT
799	92	RTH

1680

MIN/MAX  
SUBROUTINE

## APPENDIX C

### PROGRAM LOGIC MODIFICATIONS

The following program logic changes were made to the BASIC version of MINIMUF-3.5 to minimize program storage requirements:

(1) The computation of M9 at lines 1300-1330 and 1430-1460 is independent of the main loop and was moved to the beginning of the program, immediately following the calculation of G1 and K5.

(2) The loop index computation at line 1070 was separated into a computation of a new variable, KHOP, which is either 1 or 2, and a follow-on computation of K1 from KHOP as the first item within the loop.

(3) The computation of G8 at lines 1530 and 1650 is common to both less of the preceding test for  $(T5-T4)(T-T5)$ , and has been moved ahead of that test.

(4) The test at line 1470 serves to reverse the sense of the following tests at lines 1480 and 1500. This logic has been combined into a single test on  $(T5-T4)(T-T5)$  with a weighting factor of 1 or -1 to reverse the sense of that test.



(5) The computation at line 1360 was simplified to the arcsine by way of trigonometric identity.

(6) The MUF limit established at line 1730 was changed to 50 vice 32 to accomodate high solar flux densities.

(7) Throughout the program, explicit calculation and storage of variables that are used only once in following statements has been eliminated to conserve on data register requirements.

## APPENDIX D

### PROGRAM OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The following instructions must be followed to operate the TI-59 version of MINIMUF-3.5:

(1) Repartition the calculator for 800 program steps and 20 data registers by pressing 2/OP/17.

(2) Load the 4 memory banks from program cards (2) or by entering program keystrokes with the calculator in the LRN mode.

(3) Enter input data as follows:

(a) Transmitter North Latitude in decimal degrees in R12 (range -90 degrees to 90 degrees)

(b) Transmitter West Longitude in decimal degrees in R13 (range 0 to 360 degrees)

(c) Receiver North latitude in decimal degrees in R14 (range -90 to 90 degrees)

(d) Receiver West Longitude in decimal degrees in R15 (range 0 to 360 degrees)

(e) Month in R16 (range 1 to 12)

(f) Day in R17 (range 1 to 31)

(g) Sunspot Number in R19 (range - positive number)

(4) Enter Time in X-register (range 0 to 24 decimal hours)

(5) Press A

(6) If a printer is attached, the input time is echoed, followed by the answer (MUF) after 50 seconds for single-hop and 100 seconds for two-hop predictions.

(7) The answer is displayed in the X-register when the program halts.

(8) All input quantities remain undisturbed in R12 thru R19 (time is stored by the program in R18). Another MUF for a different time can be computed directly by repeating steps (4) and (5).

APPENDIX E

TEST CASE  
-----

The test case that follows was provided in the NOSC report on MINIMUF-3.5. The actual printer listing of input and program output is included.



<u>CONTENTS</u>	<u>REG</u>		0.0 (Time)
21.	12	(L1)	36.3 (MUF)
156.	13	(W1)	1.0
38.	14	(L2)	35.0 (etc)
122.	15	(W2)	2.0
10.	16	(M0)	32.9
17.	17	(D6)	3.0
0.	18		29.9
110.	19	(S9)	4.0
			25.0
			5.0
			22.8
			6.0
			20.9
			7.0
			19.3
			8.0
			18.0
			9.0
			16.9
			10.0
			16.0
			11.0
			15.2
			12.0
			14.6
			13.0
			14.1
			14.0
			13.7
			15.0
			21.0
			16.0
			27.6
			17.0
			31.5
			18.0
			34.0
			19.0
			35.6
			20.0
			36.7
			21.0
			37.3
			22.0
			37.5
			23.0
			37.1

INPUT

OUTPUT

APPENDIX F

TI-59 CUSTOM MODULES  
-----

The following points of contact are provided for the design and manufacture of TI-59 custom modules. Both Texas Instruments and Horizons Technology (contracting with TI) provide software, emulator, and consulting support for the design and production of custom modules. Costs quoted at this time are approximately \$12,000 for a minimum order of 250 modules. This includes emulator support and manufacture, but does not include software consulting. Cost reduction through quantity is available.

Fred Wilke  
TI-59 Custom Module Division  
Texas Instruments  
Lubbock, TX  
(806) 741-3240

Robert Kruger  
Horizons Technology, Inc.  
7830 Clairemont Mesa Boulevard  
San Diego, CA 92111  
(714) 292-8331

## LIST OF REFERENCES

1. Rose, R.B. and Martin, J.N., "MINIMUF-3.5, Improved Version of MINIMUF-3, A Simplified HF MUF Prediction Algorithm", Technical Document 201, Naval Ocean Systems Center, San Diego, 26 October 1978.

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